SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLA-TION THAT WOULD WAIVE STATU-TORY REQUIREMENTS TO AUTHOR-IZE BEFORE APPROPRIATING FUNDS CORONAVIRUS 2019 RESPONSE.

(a) Point of Order.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment. amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would waives requirements under section 10 of Public Law 91-672 (22 U.S.C. 2412), section 15 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22) U.S.C. 2680), section 313 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22 U.S.C. 6212), or section 504(a)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3094(a)(1)) to authorize before appropriating United States foreign assistance for the international Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) response.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under

subsection (a).
(c) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to have force or effect on December 31, 2022.

SA 729. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 5, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following: . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND SEC. 3 RELATING TO UNITED STATES GLOB-

AL HEALTH SECURITY AND DIPLO-MACY AND THE INTERNATIONAL CORONAVIRUS 2019 RESPONSE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the authorization of United States foreign assistance funds to enhance the global health security and diplomacy of the United States, including by responding to the Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic overseas, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2025 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

SA 730. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 5, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO EXPANDING GLOBAL AVAILABILITY AND ACCESS TO VAC-CINES FOR THE CORONAVIRUS 2019.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the expansion of global availability and access to vaccines for the Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19), which may include providing vaccines to key allies and withholding or conditioning United States participation in COVAX pending certification that COVAX will not accept, procure, or distribute Chinese origin vaccines with substandard reliability, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2025 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2030

SA 731. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 5, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SPENDING-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND SEC. 3 RELATING TO AFFIRMING THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S RE-PUBLIC OF CHINA COMMITTED GENOCIDE AGAINST PREDOMI-NANTLY MUSLIM UYGHURS AND OTHER ETHNIC AND RELIGIOUS MI-NORITY GROUPS IN XINJIANG.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to measures affirming that the Government of the People's Republic of China committed genocide against the predominantly Muslim Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious minority groups in Xinjiang by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not raise new revenue and would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2025 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

SA 732. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 5, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title IV, add the following:

POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FUNDING SEC. 4 TO SUPPORT THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT UNLESS THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT CEASES ITS PRELIMINARY EXAMINA-TION OF ISRAELI ACTIONS IN THE PALESTINIAN TERRITORIES.

(a) Point of Order.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order to consider a provision in a bill, ioint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding to support the International Criminal Court, until the International Criminal ceases its preliminary examination of Israeli actions in the Palestinian territories.

(2) POINT OF ORDER SUSTAINED.—If a point of order is made by a Senator against a provision described in paragraph (1), and the point of order is sustained by the Chair, that provision shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

(b) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order under subsection (a)(1) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 644(e)).

(c) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint resolution, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to subsection (a)(1), and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report or House amendment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(d) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL.-In the Senate, this section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chose and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 733. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 5, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FUNDING TO SUPPORT THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT UNLESS THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT CEASES ITS INVESTIGATION OF MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES IN AFGHANISTAN.

(a) POINT OF ORDER -

(1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order to consider a provision in a bill, resolution, motion, amendment, joint amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding to support the International Criminal Court, until the International Criminal Court ceases its investigation of members of the United States Armed Forces in Afghanistan.

(2) Point of order sustained.—If a point of order is made by a Senator against a provision described in paragraph (1), and the point of order is sustained by the Chair, that provision shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.